

Introduction: Economic Growth, Financial Innovation, and Crisis Management

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The Sukuk Journal, in its first issue of 2023, presents a collection of scholarly articles that explore the dynamic and evolving landscape of economic growth, financial innovation, and crisis management. In an era marked by economic transformations and global uncertainties, this issue delves into topics that are crucial for policymakers, industry leaders, and scholars in understanding how financial and economic systems can adapt to challenges and opportunities. From the impact of infrastructure investments on business growth to the comparative study of digital and traditional banking models, this edition provides thought-provoking insights into contemporary economic and financial issues.

The research published in this volume highlights two major themes: economic sustainability and resilience in response to crises, and financial innovation and transformation in an increasingly digital world. The first theme explores the impact of government interventions, corporate crisis management strategies, and policy responses on economic stability, with a particular focus on SMEs and the post-pandemic recovery in GCC countries. The second theme examines the role of financial technology, banking transformations, and digital finance in shaping the future of financial services. These discussions provide a comprehensive overview of current trends and challenges, offering practical insights for both academia and industry.

Economic Sustainability and Crisis Management

This theme investigates the effectiveness of government interventions, corporate crisis responses, and financial policies in fostering economic resilience. The study on infrastructure investments highlights how well-structured infrastructure projects contribute to economic expansion, efficiency improvements, and increased private sector involvement, while also addressing financial constraints and governance challenges. Similarly, research on corporate crisis management strategies examines how businesses have integrated sustainability practices into their crisis responses, demonstrating that companies prioritizing resilience and sustainability are better equipped to navigate global disruptions.

Additionally, the study on non-performing financing and SMEs in Indonesia assesses government policies aimed at mitigating financial distress in the SME sector during the pandemic. It reveals that while loan restructuring programs and fiscal incentives provided relief, administrative inefficiencies and unequal access to financing limited their overall impact. This aligns with research on post-pandemic economic and social impacts in GCC countries, which explores how fiscal policies, labor markets, and societal structures have evolved in response to economic shocks. The findings emphasize the need for inclusive financial policies, public-private partnerships, and adaptive regulatory frameworks to sustain long-term economic growth and social stability.

Financial Innovation and Transformation in a Digital Economy

This section explores the impact of technological advancements on financial systems, focusing on digital banking, fintech solutions, and evolving business models. The comparative study on digital and traditional banking assesses how digital banking innovations are reshaping financial services, offering greater accessibility, efficiency, and cost-effectiveness. However, traditional banking institutions continue to hold advantages in regulatory compliance, trust-building, and complex financial transactions, suggesting the need for hybrid banking models that combine technological agility with traditional financial stability.

The study on government initiatives towards SMEs in Indonesia further underscores the importance of digital finance in enhancing liquidity, improving credit access, and supporting financial inclusion. In the context of the post-pandemic financial landscape, the article on GCC countries highlights how economic diversification, digital transformation, and healthcare innovation have become key policy priorities. Findings from these studies stress the necessity of regulatory adaptability, cybersecurity enhancements, and financial literacy initiatives to ensure a seamless transition to a digital financial ecosystem.

Conclusion

The articles in this edition of the Sukuk Journal collectively offer valuable insights into the evolving nature of economic resilience, financial innovation, and policy interventions. From the role of infrastructure investments and corporate sustainability strategies to the transformative impact of digital finance and regulatory shifts, the studies provide a multidimensional perspective on contemporary financial and economic challenges.

As financial markets and economic systems continue to adapt to global uncertainties, the need for evidence-based policymaking, inclusive economic strategies, and robust financial innovations becomes increasingly critical. This edition of the Sukuk Journal aims to contribute meaningfully to these discussions, providing a reference point for scholars, policymakers, and industry leaders navigating the complexities of modern financial systems.

The editorial team sincerely appreciates the dedicated efforts of both the authors and reviewers, whose contributions have been instrumental in shaping this issue. We hope that the insights shared within these pages will spark thoughtful discussions and encourage initiatives that promote progress and enhance societal well-being.

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